QUEENS COLLEGE
CSCI 111

Department of Computer Science
First Midterm Exam Spring 2017 03.22.17

Solutions
09.00am - 09.50am, Wednesday, March 22, 2017

Problem 1 (10 points) The following C++ program has errors at the lines marked a,b,c,d, and e. For each answer write a single line of $\mathrm{C}++$ that fixes the errors in the corresponding line.

```
#include <iostream>
        using namespace std // line a
int main(); // line b
{ int x = 1;
    while (0 < x < 5) { // line c
        cout >> x % x >> "\n\n" // line d
        x = x++; // line e
    }
    return 0;
}
```

(a) Correct line (a):

## Answer:

using namespace std; // line a
(b) Correct line (b):

## Answer:

```
int main() // line b
```

(c) Correct line (c):

Answer:

```
    while (0 < x && x < 5) { // line c
```

(d) Correct line (d):

Answer:

```
cout << x % x << "\n\n"; // line d
```

(e) Correct line (e):

Answer:

```
x++;
// line e
```

Problem 2 (10 points)
Write C++ statements to carry out the following tasks. Do not write complete programs, just give a few lines of $\mathrm{C}++$ code. No answer can use more than two lines. Assume that an integer variable x has been declared.
(a) Prompt the user to enter a value for x .

## Answer:

```
cout << "Enter a value for x:";
```

(b) Read the value of x given by the user

## Answer:

```
cin >> x;
```

(c) If x is negative, replace x by the value of $5-\mathrm{x}$

Answer:

```
if (x < 0) x = 5 - x;
```

(d) Print the square root of x .

## Answer:

```
cout << sqrt(x) << endl;
```

(e) On one output line, print x random numbers in the range 10 to 17 (inclusive)

## Answer:

```
for (int n = 1; n <= x; n++) cout << 10 + rand() % 8 << " ";
```

Problem 3 (10 points) Consider the following C++ program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
string fun(int x) {
    if (x < 0) return "Negative ";
    if ((x > 10) && (x < 100)) return "Big ";
    return "x + x ";
}
int main() {
    int a = 4, b = 3;
    cout << a << b << a << "b" << endl;
    cout << (a * b) % 10 << endl;
    for (int n = 4; n <= 6; n++) cout << n + b;
    cout << endl;
    cout << fun(-1) << endl;
    cout << fun(200) << endl;
```

// line (a)
// line (b)
// line (c)
// line (d)
// line (e)

```
    return 0;
}
```

(a) What is the output at line (a)?

Answer:

434b
(b) What is the output at line (b)?

Answer:

2
(c) What is the output at line (c)?

Answer:

789
(d) What is the output at line (d)?

## Answer:

Negative
(e) What is the output at line (e)?

Answer:

Problem 4 (10 points) Write a complete $\mathrm{C}++$ program that asks the user to enter a positive integer $n$. If $n$ is not positive the program should exit immediately. Otherwise the program should print a square with $n$ rows that is cut by its diagonal (from upper left to lower right) into a lower triangle showing the symbol $\$$ and an upper triangle showing the symbol $=$.
For example, if the user specified 5 for $n$, the program would print as follows:

```
$====
$$===
$$$==
$$$$=
$$$$$
```


## Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a positive integer n: ";
    cin >> n;
    if (n <= 0) return 0;
    for (int r = 1; r <= n; r++) {
        for (int c = 1; c <= n; c++)
            if (c <= r) cout << "$";
            else cout << "=";
        cout << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

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02.45pm - 03.35pm, Wednesday, March 22, 2017

Problem 1 (10 points) The following C++ program has errors at the lines marked a,b,c,d, and e. For each answer write a single line of $\mathrm{C}++$ that fixes the errors in the corresponding line.

```
#include <iostream>
Using namespace std; // line a
int main{} // line b
{ int x = 5;
    while (0 < x - 1 < 5) { // line c
        cout >> x / (x + x % 1) endl // line d
        x = x--; // line e
    }
    return 0;
}
```

(a) Correct line (a):

## Answer:

```
using namespace std; // line a
```

(b) Correct line (b):

## Answer:

```
int main() // line b
```

(c) Correct line (c):

Answer:

```
    while (0 < x - 1 && x - 1 < 5) { // line c
```

(d) Correct line (d):

Answer:

```
cout << x / (x + x % 1) << "\n\n"; // line d
```

(e) Correct line (e):

Answer:

```
x--;
// line e
```

Problem 2 (10 points)
Write C++ statements to carry out the following tasks. Do not write complete programs, just give a few lines of $\mathrm{C}++$ code. No answer can use more than two lines. Assume that an integer variables x and y have been declared.
(a) Prompt the user to enter positive values for x and y .

## Answer:

cout << "Enter values for x and $\mathrm{y}:$ ";
(b) Read the values of $x$ and $y$ given by the user

## Answer:

```
cin >> x >> y;
```

(c) If x or y is not positive, exit the program

Answer:

```
if ((x <= 0) || (y <= 0)) return 0;
```

(d) Print the square root of $x+y$.

## Answer:

```
cout << sqrt(x + y) << endl;
```

(e) On one output line, print x random numbers in the range 1 to y (inclusive)

## Answer:

```
for (int n = 1; n <= x; n++) cout << 1 + rand() % y << " ";
```

Problem 3 (10 points) Consider the following C++ program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
string fun(int x) {
    if (x < 0) return "Negative ";
    if ((x > 5) || (x < 1)) return "Big ";
    return "x % x";
}
int main() {
    int a = 4, b = 3;
    cout << "a" << "b" << endl;
    cout << (a + b) % 10 << endl;
    for (int n = 6; n >= 4; n--) cout << n - b;
    cout << endl;
    cout << fun(-1) << endl;
    cout << fun(20) << endl;
// line (d)
// line (e)
    return 0;
}
```

(a) What is the output at line (a)?

Answer:
ab
(b) What is the output at line (b)?

Answer:

7
(c) What is the output at line (c)?

Answer:

321
(d) What is the output at line (d)?

## Answer:

Negative
(e) What is the output at line (e)?

## Answer:

Big

Problem 4 (10 points) Write a complete $\mathrm{C}++$ program that asks the user to enter a positive integer $n$. If $n$ is not positive the program should exit immediately. Otherwise the program should print a square with $n$ rows. The square is cut by the diagonal (from lower left to upper right) into two triangles. The lower triangle should be made from the symbol $\$$ and an upper triangle from the symbol $=$.
For example, if the user specified 5 for $n$, the program would print as follows:

```
======
===$$
==$$$
=$$$$
```


## Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a positive integer n: ";
    cin >> n;
    if (n <= 0) return 0;
    for (int r = n; r >= 1; r--) {
        for (int c = 1; c <= n; c++)
            if (c <= r) cout << "=";
            else cout << "$";
        cout << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

