Class 16

Recursion
Recursion is a programming technique

Some Pros:
1. The code may be easier to write.
2. Some problems are inherently recursive.
3. Recursion reduces the length of the code.

Some Cons:
1. Recursive functions are generally slower than non-recursive ones.
2. They may require a lot of memory to hold intermediate results.
3. Recursive code can be hard to debug.
Example 1

- fibonacci
  - compute the $n^{th}$ Fibonacci number
Process of writing a recursive function

1. Break the problem to solve down into a problem that is one step simpler
2. Assume the function will work to solve the simpler problem
2. Since we know we can solve the simpler problem, how would we use this to solve the more complex problem?
Example 2

- update even digits of an int
  - add 1 to all even digits of a number and return modified integer
Example 3

- countdown
  - recursively print integers n through 1
Example 4

- has3
  - determine whether an integer contains a 3 in it
Example 5

- `print_triangle`
  - recursively print a triangle
Example 6

- `recursiveSum`
  - recursively sum integers 1 through n
Example 7

- sumDigits
  - recursively sum the digits of an integer