File input and output

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IOSTREAM

- Up to this point, we have always been using cout and cin.
- cout: output on the screen
- cin: Input from the keyboard

But sometimes we want to get input from a file, or output to a file.

FSTREAM

- The library that performs that role is called fstream.
- #include <fstream>

OFSTREAM

 ofstream stands for output file stream, which outputs to the file we specified.
 ofstream f("outputfile.txt");

- To output we simply do the following:
- f << "hello";
- -Note: The direction of the arrow is the same as our cout <<.

OFSTREAM

Just as we can output a bunch of stuff using for loops and cout. We can do the same thing to outputfile.txt.

```
for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    for(int j = 0; j < 10; j++){
        f << "hello" << " ";
    }
    f << endl;
}</pre>
```

This will output 10 by 10 table of "hello" to the output file.

IFSTREAM

 ifstream stands for input file stream, which reads the data from a file.

ifstream f("outputfile.txt");

 Just as we need data structures (variables, arrays) to store the input in cin>> statements, we need data structures here too.

string line;

f>> line;

• This will read a string from the file to store it into line variable.

We can see what is in the variable by doing cout << line; // we will see the output hello on the screen.

IFSTREAM

- If we want to read in an entire line from the file, we can use getline() function.
 getline(f, line)
- This will read in an entire line from the output file and stores into the variable line.

cout<< line; // We will expect to see 10 words of hello on the screen.

EOF

 Sometimes it is helpful to use eof function from fstream. You can use this function like this: while(!f.eof()) {

```
getline(f, line);
cout << line << end;</pre>
```

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```
This while loop will keep reading the file line by line until the end of the file.
```

Output.cpp

- #include <iostream>
- #include <fstream>
- using namespace std;
- int main() {
- ofstream f("outputfile.txt");
- string names[10][10];
- for(int i = 0; i < 10; i ++) {
- for(int j = 0; j < 10; j++) {
 - f << "hello" << " ";
- •
- f << endl;
- }
- return 0;
- }

Input.cpp

- #include <iostream>
- #include <fstream>
- #include <string>
- using namespace std;
- int main() {
- ifstream f("outputfile.txt");
- string line;
- while(!f.eof()) {
- getline(f, line);
- cout << line << endl;
- }
- return 0;
- }