#### **For Construct in C++**

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### **Repeating Tasks**

- C++ provides another way for us to repeat our tasks
- This is called a for loop
- For loop has the same three parts as the while loop:
  - Initialize Counter
  - Comparison on Counter
  - Update Counter

# Two type of loops, why?

- Why did C++ provide two types of looping constructs?
- The for loop is designed with conveniences of the programmer in mind.
- When designing programs you think ahead of times how many times the loop needs to be preformed.
- C++ for loops are setup that exact way.

#### For Loop Model

• Model:

```
for( initialize ; comparison ; update )
{
   //do something here many times
}
```

 Notice that the three parts of the while loop is pack together in one place in the for loop.

#### For Loop Model Example

• Example:

```
for( int c = 1 ; c <= 10 ; ++c )
{
    //do something here 10 times
}</pre>
```

## While Loop vs. For Loop

- There are no definitive rules stating when to use which loop, here are my recommendations:
- Use while loop if...
  - Do not know number of times to loop in advance
  - Loop condition is base on user input
- Use for loop if...
  - Number of times to loop is known in advance
  - If nesting loops is needed for logical flow