# File input and output

Instructor: Andy Abreu

#### **IOSTREAM**

- Up to this point, we have always been using cout and cin.
- cout: output on the screen
- cin: Input from the keyboard

But sometimes we want to get input from a file, or output to a file.

#### **FSTREAM**

The library that performs that role is called fstream.

#include <fstream>

### **OFSTREAM**

 ofstream stands for output file stream, which outputs to the file we specified.

ofstream f("outputfile.txt");

To output we simply do the following:

```
f << "hello";
```

-Note: The direction of the arrow is the same as our cout <<.</li>

#### **OFSTREAM**

Just as we can output a bunch of stuff using for loops and cout. We can do the same thing to outputfile.txt.

```
for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    for(int j = 0; j < 10; j++){
        f << "hello" << " ";
    }
    f << endl;
}</pre>
```

This will output 10 by 10 table of "hello" to the output file.

#### **IFSTREAM**

 ifstream stands for input file stream, which reads the data from a file.

ifstream f("outputfile.txt");

 Just as we need data structures (variables, arrays) to store the input in cin>> statements, we need data structures here too.

string line; f>> line;

 This will read a string from the file to store it into line variable.

We can see what is in the variable by doing cout << line; // we will see the output hello on the screen.

#### **IFSTREAM**

 If we want to read in an entire line from the file, we can use getline() function.

getline(f, line)

 This will read in an entire line from the output file and stores into the variable line.

cout<< line; // We will expect to see 10 words of hello on the screen.

#### **EOF**

 Sometimes it is helpful to use eof function from fstream. You can use this function like this:

```
while(!f.eof()) {
    getline(f, line);
    cout << line << end;
}</pre>
```

This while loop will keep reading the file line by line until the end of the file.

### Output.cpp

## Input.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
                                             #include <fstream>
                                             #include <string>
using namespace std;
int main() {
                                             using namespace std;
    ofstream f("outputfile.txt");
                                             int main() {
                                                 ifstream f("outputfile.txt");
    string names[10][10];
    for(int i = 0; i < 10; i + +) {
                                                 string line;
         for(int j = 0; j < 10; j++) {
                                                 while(!f.eof()) {
              f << "hello" << " ";
                                                      getline(f, line);
                                                      cout << line << endl;
         f << endl;
                                                 return 0;
    return 0;
```